

Q1 2018 HIGHLIGHTS

Mixed start to the year...

- Macro trends and organic topline growth remain supportive
- Good organic topline growth of 6.4% offset by WLT disposal and FX headwinds
- Express remains strong, DGFF and DSC on the right operating improvement path
- PeP cost challenges identified sustainable solutions in development
- Cash flow generation in-line with expected quarterly progression
- 2018 EBIT guidance confirmed, capex and FCF guidance amended

...facing considerable work for the rest of the year



We confirm our targets on the way to achieving Strategy 2020

STRATEGY 2020 GOALS: WE ARE THE GLOBAL LEADER IN E-COMMERCE LOGISTICS

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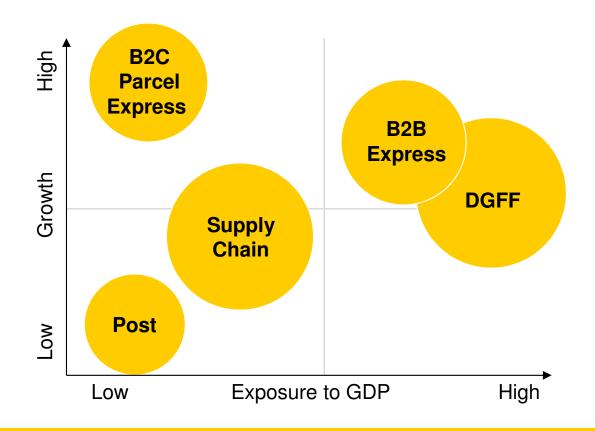
WE HAVE A UNIQUE SET OF CAPABILITIES ACROSS THE GROUP, COMBINING STRENGTHS OF EACH EACH DIVISION

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	Domestic and Cro	ss-Border Delivery	Warehousing/ Ful	fillment	
Segment	Premium (Time definite, same day)	Deferred (Day definite)	Economy	Multi-user	Dedicated
Delivery profile: Price	\$\$\$	\$\$	\$	Close to demand with low volumes	Central location with high volumes
Delivery profile: Speed	0–3 days	1–8 days	9–15 days	per customer	per customer
Product type					
	Express				
		Post - eCom	merce -Parcel	Supply Chain	
		Global Forward	arding, Freight		
				Suppl	v Chain

GROUP PORTFOLIO STRONGLY DIVERSIFIED IN TERMS OF TOPLINE DRIVERS AND MANAGEMENT OF BUSINESS CYCLES

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Well balanced and diversified portfolio of businesses and their respective drivers

HOW CYCLICAL ARE WE? SUMMARY OF OUR SOURCES OF GROWTH

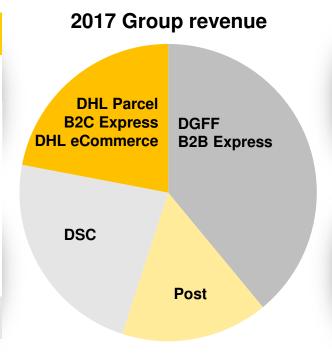


STRUCTURAL GROWTH: ~20%

Structural e-commerce growth in B2C delivery

Long-term contracts, outsourcing drives GDP+ market growth

RESILIENT GROWTH: >20%





Tied to growth in international trade

Legacy letter volumes subject to e-substitution



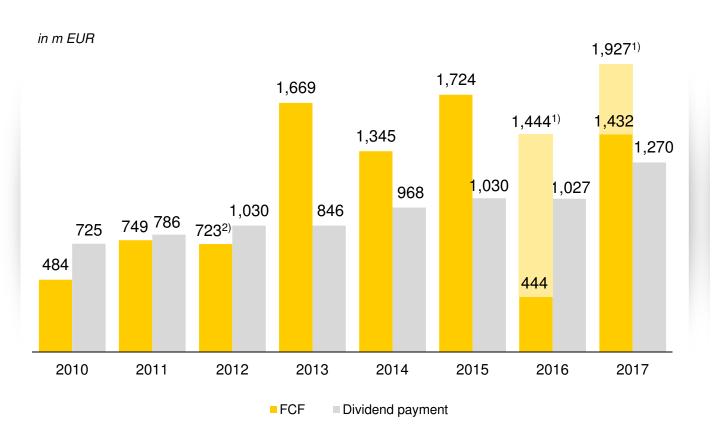
STRUCTURAL DECLINE: ~15%



Ongoing shift towards growth segments – EBIT and cash flow performance furthermore supported by structural cost and profitability measures

TURNAROUND IN CASH GENERATION ALLOWS US TO FINANCE GROWTH INVESTMENTS AND SHAREHOLDER RETURNS

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- FCF more than covering (rising) dividend payment since 2013
- Cash Flow turnaround mainly driven by
 - EBIT growth
 - Tailing off of provision outflows (esp. US domestic Express restructuring)
 - Increased CF focus and management incentives
- Sustainable FCF performance is basis for continued investments in organic growth and attractive shareholders returns – in line with our Finance Policy

¹⁾ Adjusted for pension funding (2016: 1bn, 2017: 0.5bn); 2) Adjusted for pension funding (EUR 2bn) and non-recurring items

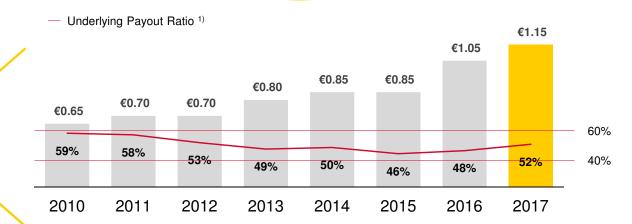
DPDHL GROUP FINANCE POLICY MAIN PRINCIPLES CONFIRMED AND EXECUTED UPON

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FINANCE POLICY

- Target / maintain rating BBB+
- Dividend payout ratio to remain between 40–60% of net profit (continuity and Cash Flow performance considered)
- Excess liquidity will be used for share buybacks and/or extraordinary dividends

Dividend of EUR 1.15 for FY2017



Dividend payments of EUR ~1.4bn to DPDHL shareholders on April 27, 2018

2018 & 2020 GUIDANCE

EBIT, EUR bn	2018 (incl. IFRS 16)	2020 (incl. IFRS 16)		
PeP	~1.5	~1.7		
DHL	~3.0	~3.7		
CC/Other	~ -0.35	~ -0.35		
Group	~4.15	>5.0		

FY 2018:

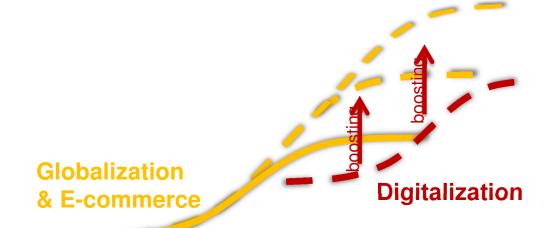
Free Cash Flow: > EUR 1.5bn (excl. debt-financed Express intercontinental fleet renewal)

Tax rate: ~18%

Gross Capex (excl. leases): ~ EUR 2.5bn plus ~ EUR 0.2bn for debt-financed Express intercontinental fleet renewal

DPDHL GROUP TOMORROW: REAP FULL BENEFITS OF E-COMMERCE AND DIGITALIZATION OPPORTUNITIES

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Globalization:

basis of our long standing <u>B2B</u> business and position as most international company in the world

E-commerce:

emerging <u>B2C</u>
<u>business</u> driven
by consumers
increasingly
shopping online
from abroad

Digitalization:

accelerating impact of technology boosting globalization and ecommerce as well as efficiency and productivity

Key strategic question: How can digitalization best help us to drive revenue and quality up and cost down?

- How to maximize profit potential from the ecommerce opportunity?
- How to realize maximum efficiency/ productivity gains?

Key strategic advantage: We are the **leading company** in a highly attractive growth industry

- Today we can leverage **technologies** that have not been available before
- Today we are attracting talents that would not have joined us before

Divisional Information

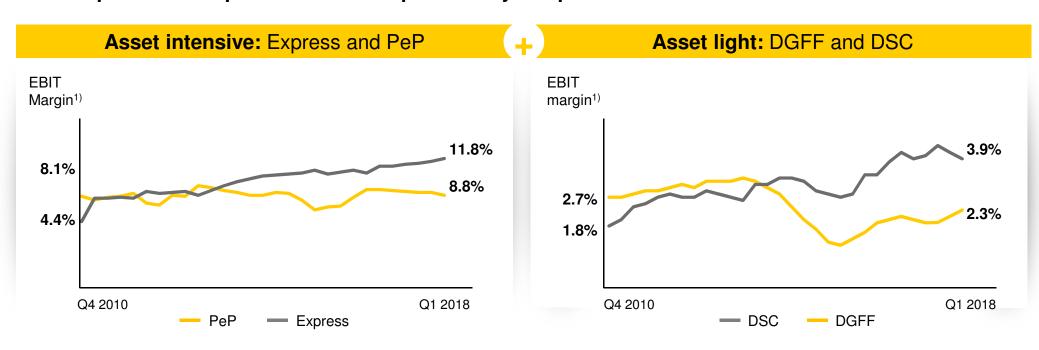
DPDHL GROUP AT A GLANCE

Deutsche Post DHL Group Divisions -EUR m -		Network business	ses – asset intensive	Brokerage & Outsourcing – asset light		
		Post - eCommerce- Parcel	Express	Global Forwarding Freight	Supply Chain	
2017	Revenue	18.168	15.049	14.482	14.152	
Group revenues € 60.4bn	EBIT Margin	1.502 8.3%	1.736 11.5%	297 2.1%	555 3.9%	
EBIT € 3.741bn	Staff (FTE)	179.600	86.313	42.646	149.042	
Market capitalization € 49bn per 31.12.2017	Products	USO Provider for letter products in Germany. Parcel operations in Germany, Europe and selected international markets	Core product Tide- Definite International (TDI): premium cross- border parcels and document delivery	Brokerage of transport services in Air, Ocean and Road freight	Customized, outsourced logistics solutions through full value chain	
Approximately	Geographies	Germany - Europe Americas -Asia Pacific	220 countries and territories	>150 countries and territories	>50 countries and territories	
500,000 employees in more than 220 countries/territories	Market Share	61% letter mail Germany 45% parcel Germany	34% global market share # 1 Europe, MiddleEast, Africa and Asia, # 3 US	# 1 in air freight # 2 in ocean freight	#1 globally 6.2% market share	

CONTINUOUS MARGIN IMPROVEMENT REMAINS TOP PRIORITY ON DIVISIONAL AGENDAS

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Further potential to optimize divisional profitability – esp. in DGFF



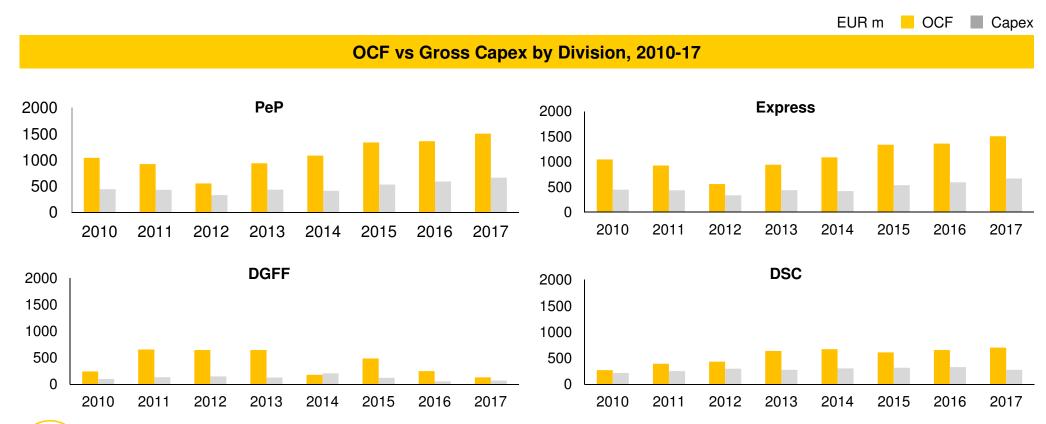
1) Rolling 12 month EBIT margins, DGFF adjusted for NFE write-off in Q3 2015



Group margin of 6.2% is up +280bp since 2010; +120bp since 2013

GROUP STRUCTURE: ALL DIVISIONS FINANCE THEIR OWN GROWTH CAPEX AND CONTRIBUTE TO FREE CASH FLOW & DIVIDEND

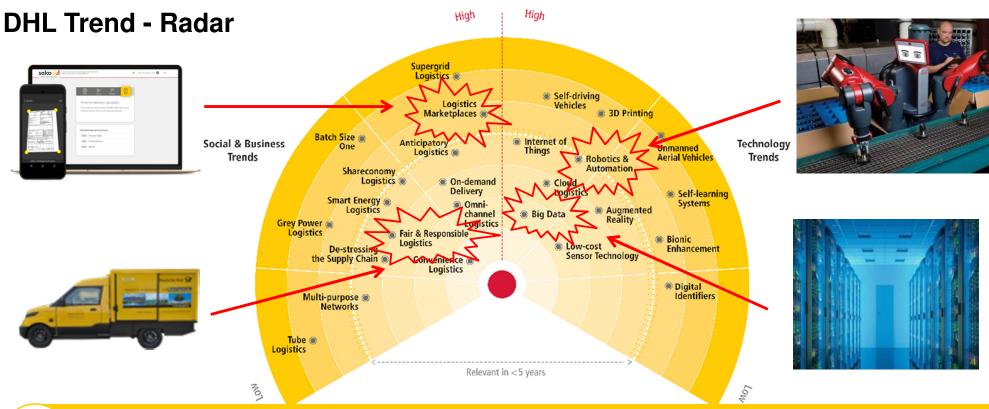
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All divisions are self-financing and contribute to Group shareholder return

DISRUPTION IS EVERYWHERE: INNOVATION IS THE SOLUTION



In order to stay ahead of the curve, we have to think in a creative way and not be afraid to self-disrupt

DPDHL INVESTMENT PROFILE



Clear Strategic Direction

Our roadmap for margin and profit improvement



Sustainable Growth Momentum

Unique position for e-commerce





Divisional self-help agendas

Investing for Growth

Innovation, quality & customer centricity





Delivering Attractive ReturnsCommitted to FCF growth and

improving shareholder returns

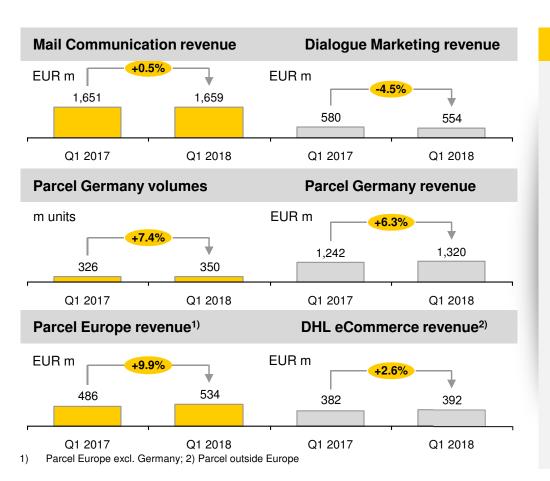


STRATEGY 2020

Focus. Connect. Grow.

POST, E-COMMERCE & PARCEL

PeP: KEY VOLUME TRENDS INTACT



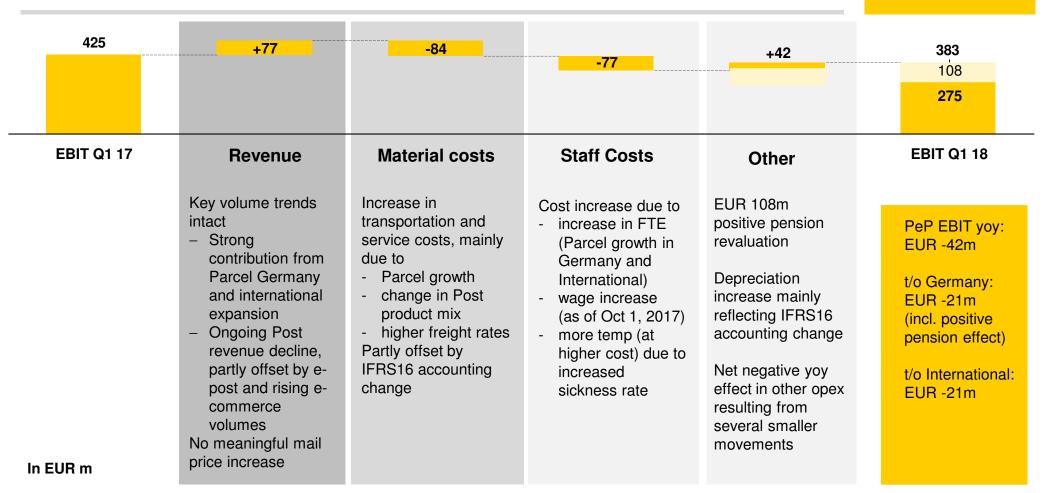
Business Highlights

- Letter volume (MC & DM) decline of -4.4% reflects stable e-substitution trends and 1.6 less working days: volume/working day down -2.0%
 - Mail Communication: -5.1% (-2.7% / WD)
 - Dialogue Marketing: -3.8 % (-1.4% / WD)
- 2017 comparison base includes election volumes, primarily in Q2 & Q3 - long-term assumption of -2-3% underlying decline per annum still expected to hold
- Parcel Germany continues growth trajectory
- Strong growth in international expansion: excl.
 FX, revenue Parcel Europe +10.5%, DHL
 eCommerce +16.8%

PeP – DIVISIONAL RESULTS Q1 2018

EUR m	Q1 2017	Q1 2018	Chg.	Management comments
Revenue	4,545	4,622	+1.7%	Strong contribution from Parcel Germany and Europe, compensating Post revenue decline. Without FX effect, organic growth would have been 2.9% despite 1.6 less working days in Germany
EBIT PeP	425	383	-9.9%	Higher expenses including higher wage costs not fully compensated by Parcel growth and pension revaluation (EUR 108m)
t/o Germany	412	391	-5.1%	German EBIT impacted by wage increase, Streetscooter ramp up as well as higher cost for transport and temp labor due to high sickness rate in the quarter. Positive contribution from pension revaluation
t/o International eCommerce - Parcel	13	-8	<-100%	Run-up cost of international expansion drives expected small drag on profitability
Operating Cash Flow	176	-118	<-100%	Many effects including lower EBIT and Streetscooter inventories
Capex	103	129	+25.2%	Increasing with parcel network investments





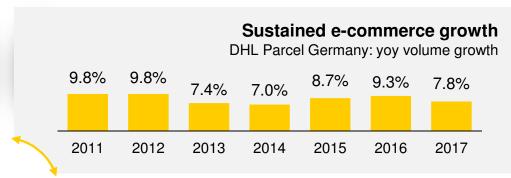
VIRTUOUS CIRCLE OF PARCEL GROWTH DRIVEN BY E-COMMERCE TREND

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Best Parcel Service

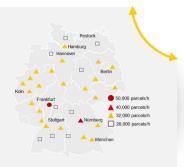
- Best quality B2C delivery
- Highest number and broadest choice of recipient solutions

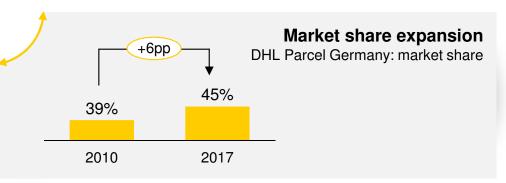




Network investments

- Continued investment in technology, automation, capacity and speed
- State-of-the-art sorting for >1m parcels/hour





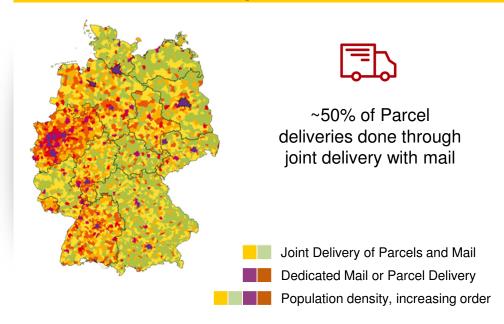


We confirm our assumptions of 5-7% volume growth in Germany

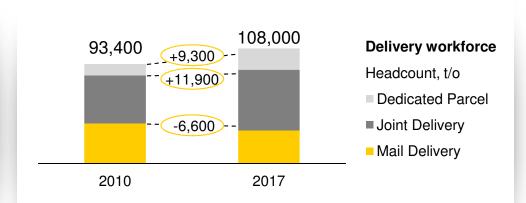
TO MINIMIZE IMPACT OF CONTINUOUS MAIL DECLINE, COST FLEXIBILITY HAS BEEN ONE KEY OBJECTIVE

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Joint Delivery helps to optimize delivery of declining mail volumes



Revenue mix shift also reflected in delivery staff development



 Increase in dedicated Parcel and joint delivery drives net hiring since 2010, as a result of strong Parcel growth



Mail volume decline is a given, so our focus has been on compensating measures in order to minimize the impact and allow Parcel to drive PeP growth

PEP PROFITABILIY, LOOKING FORWARD: WHAT WE NEED TO ADDRESS TO DELIVER ON OUR TARGETS

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Ongoing and new challenges

Support ongoing strong Parcel growth

- At ~8% growth, continuous significant increase in absolute volume every year (>100m additional parcels / year)
- Tight markets (availability and rates) for labor and transport

Manage ongoing, steady Post volume decline

- Even slow erosion over time eventually drives significantly lower volumes
- E-commerce volumes have different packaging / volumetric format than standard letters
- Wage rates and other factor costs increase despite adverse volume trend

Improvement areas

- Maintain continuous investment towards capacity extension and automation
- Increase labor productivity to counter wage inflation
- Calibrate pricing volume balance
- Drive next step change in Post network to mirror lower levels of mail volumes
- Adapt production and associated transport processes to the increase in e-commerce volumes
- Reflect cost increase in pricing in accordance with regulatory framework





Will take necessary steps to ensure delivery on 2020 targets

STREETSCOOTER PRODUCT PORTFOLIO

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Work 20 kWh



Top speed:	85 km/h
Total load capacity:	720 kg
Range:	113 km
Battery:	20 kWh Li-ion

Work 40 kWh



Top speed:	85 km/h
Total load capacity:	585 kg
Range:	232 km
Battery:	40 kWh Li-ion

Work L 40 kWh



Top speed:	85 km/h
Total load capacity:	895 kg
Range:	205 km
Battery:	40 kWh Li-ion



Prototype "Work XL"





E-bikes & E-trikes





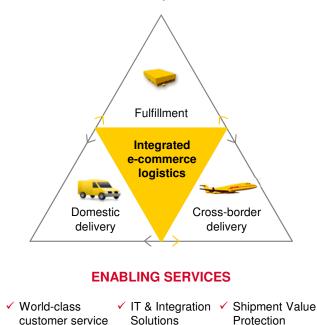


100% electric, 100% emission-free, tough everyday commercial vehicle

DHL ECOMMERCE PORTFOLIO: FULFILLMENT, X-BORDER AND DOMESTIC DELIVERY

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DHL eCommerce, Product Portfolio



Domestic delivery

End-to-end domestic B2C delivery and returns

Cross-border delivery

 International rangedefinite B2C delivery & returns solution

Range of transit times

Fully-landed cost

calculation

Fulfilment

- Multi-site fulfilment network providing global distribution solutions
- Multi-user facilities Transactional pricing
- Integration with top e-commerce platforms and marketplaces
- End-to-end visibility

Characteristics

Current

footprint

Service

offering

Alternative delivery options

and returns

Pick-up, sort, delivery

 High operations and customer service quality

customs clearance Connects to the domestic

Commercial or postal

networks globally

Origin countries:



220+ destination countries



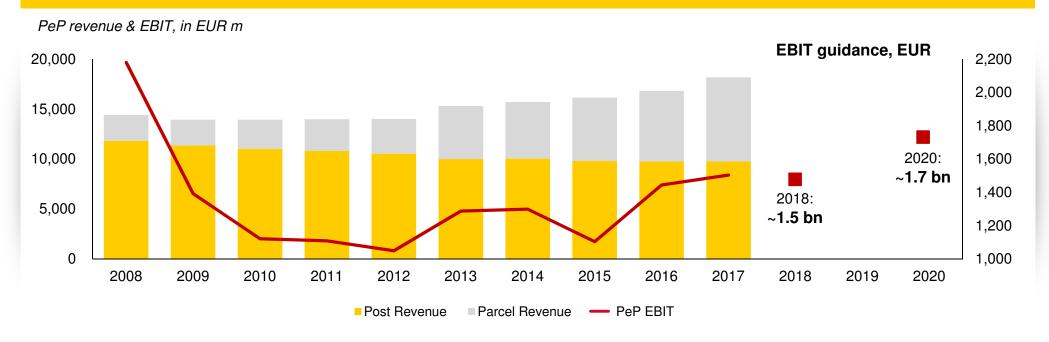


Targeted e-commerce logistics offerings outside Europe

AMBITION FULLY FOCUSED ON GROWTH TOWARDS 2020 TARGET – AND SETTING BASIS FOR FURTHER GROWTH

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2017 PeP EBIT: EUR 1,502m; 2020 target: EUR ~1.7bn





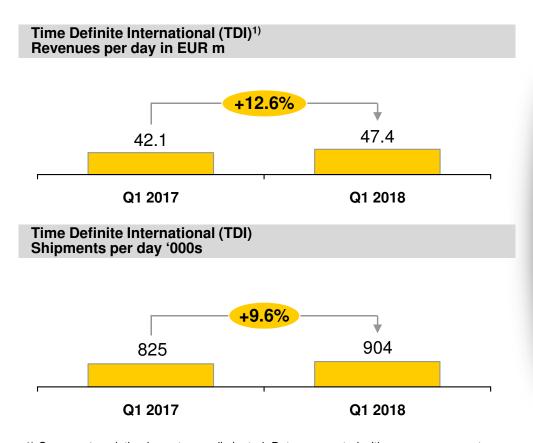
Since 2012 low point, EBIT up EUR >400m, all while investing in Parcel expansion

STRATEGY 2020

Focus. Connect. Grow.

EXPRESS

EXPRESS: CONTINUED STRONG VOLUME AND YIELD DEVELOPMENT



¹⁾ Currency translation impacts are eliminated. Data aggregated with same currency rate

Business Highlights

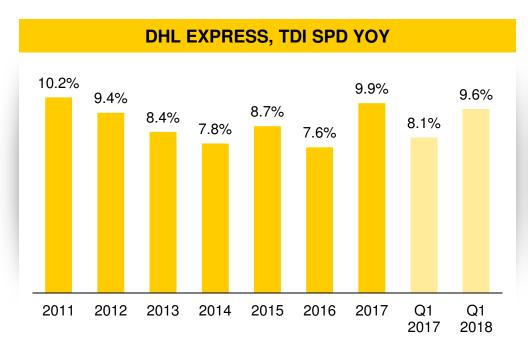
- TDI shipment/day continued to be the motor of growth, up 9.6% led by Americas (+17.2%), MEA (15.7%), Europe (+10.6%), and APAC (+5.3%)
- Fuel surcharge effect remained positive in the quarter driving higher reported sales growth
- Continued focus on yield management and customer discipline
- Planned investment into network and service quality on track
- Debt-financed intercontinental fleet renewal to lead to ~EUR 0.2 bn incremental capex in 2018

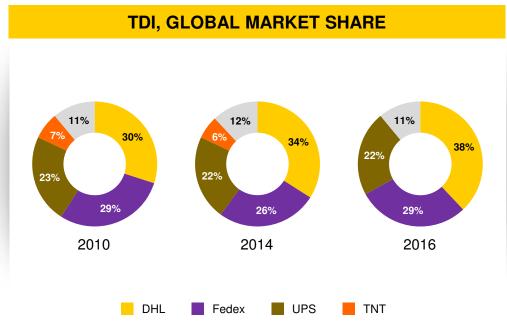
EXPRESS – DIVISIONAL RESULTS Q1 2018

EUR m	Q1 2017	Q1 2018	Chg.	Management comments
Revenue	3,595	3,772	+4.9%	Organic growth accelerates to 13.2% driven by strong TDI volume growth, yoy higher fuel surcharges and supportive yield environment
EBIT	396	461	+16.4%	Exemplary EBIT performance - demonstrating continued growth alongside cost and yield control
Operating Cash Flow	340	621	+82.6%	Besides IFRS16 effect, also driven by strong EBIT and positive W/C movement
Capex	132	80	-39.4%	Capex decline reflects timing effects

FOCUS ON TDI IS OUR KEY TO SUCCESS

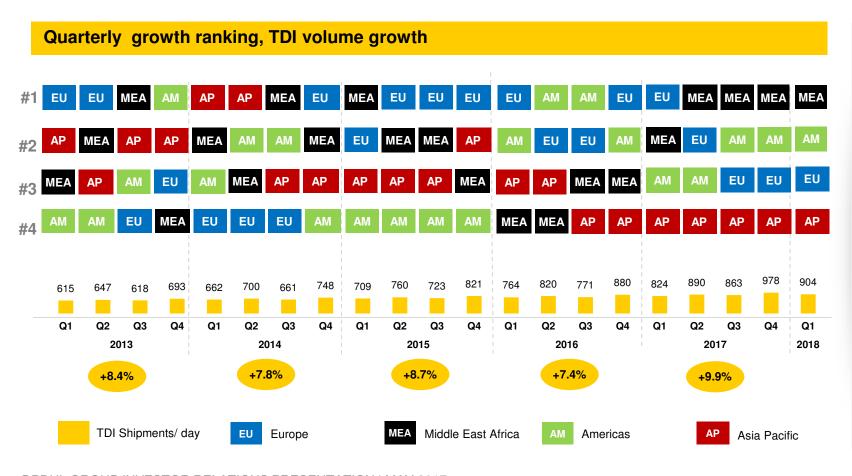
Leading global network & "insane" customer centricity & certified employees = consistent strong TDI growth and market share expansion





¹⁾ includes 4% TNT

EXPRESS GROWTH SUPPORTED BY BALANCED GLOBAL FOOTPRINT

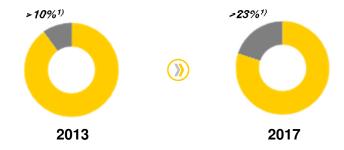


- Consistent strong volume growth in global TDI network
- Constant variation in regional patterns reflects movements in global trade flows

E-COMMERCE IS A PROFITABLE GROWTH DRIVER FOR DHL EXPRESS

X-Border e-commerce has developed into an important TDI vertical and profitable growth driver

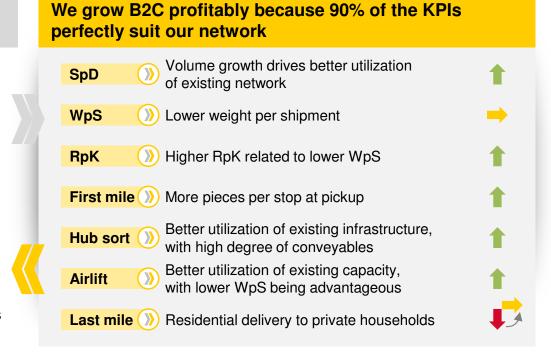
Portion of B2C TDI shipments has increased over time



We treat B2C/e-commerce shipments as a TDI vertical

- applying the same yield discipline
- using B2C requirements to enhance the overall TDI service and capabilities
- equipping our sales force to effectively sell to e-commerce customers
- engaging in partnerships to grow cross-border e-commerce

1) Indications based on medium to large B2C customers of top 30 countries



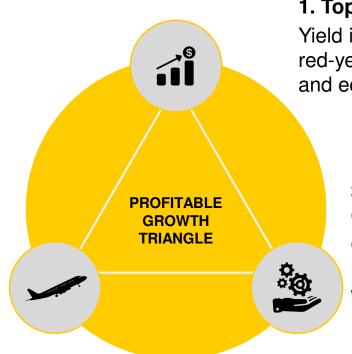


EBIT GROWTH AND MARGIN IMPROVEMENT IS A COMBINATION OF SEVERAL FACTORS...

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2. Leverage Aviation Network Cost per Kilo (CpK)

Efficiency in air network through scale effects and active fleet management improving CpK



1. Topline revenue management

Yield initiatives such as GPI, red-yellow-card, ship to profile, B2B and ecommerce growth

3. Efficiency in Ground Operations

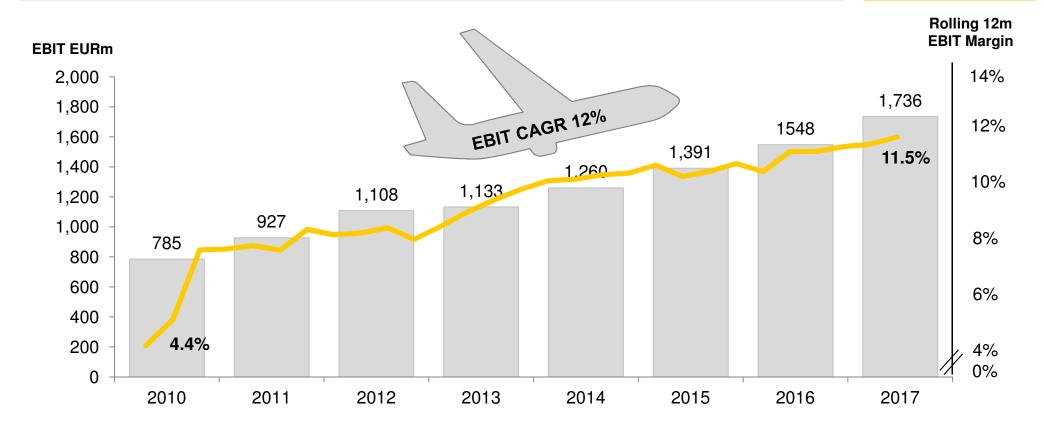
Operations Cost per Move (OCPM)
Efficiency measures include Gemba
walks, hub automation and
IT investments



EBIT growth is driven by adding the right volumes at the right price to a calibrated and efficient infrastructure

...RESULTING IN CONTINUOUS EBIT GROWTH AND EBIT MARGIN EXPANSION

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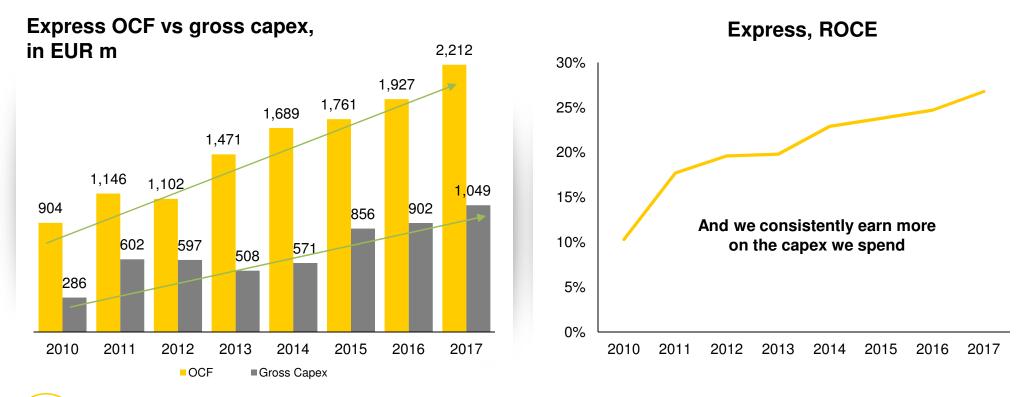




Continuation of EBIT growth will remain a combination of topline growth and further gradual margin improvement

CASH GENERATION CONSISTENTLY ABOVE CAPEX SPEND AND THE GAP IS WIDENING

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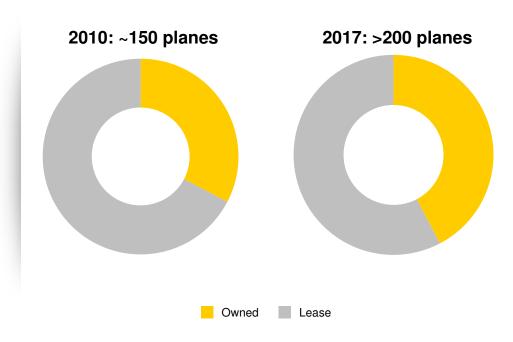


Disciplined growth investment has led to simultaneously improving cash generation and ROCE

INTERCONTINENTAL FLEET: USE REPLACEMENTS AS OPPORTUNITY TO MOVE TOWARDS HIGHER OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

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Dedicated fleet (w/o feeders)



2010-17: fleet expansion

- Expansion based on successful virtual airline model gradual shift in mid-sized, regional segment from leases to ownership
- Today: well balanced fleet regarding ownership and maturity ownership structure of intercont fleet still more tilted towards leases

Outlook: intercont replacements by new, owned planes

- Considering gradual replacement of older intercont planes by acquisition of new aircraft – first delivery expected in 2019
- Besides that, further fleet expansion to be carefully considered in line with market growth expectations

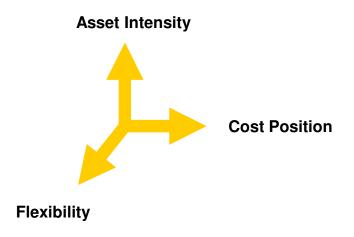


Planed intercont plane replacements are capacity-neutral, but with significant cost, efficiency and flexibility benefits

1. AVIATION NETWORK STEERING APPROACH UNCHANGED – OPPORTUNE TIMING TO SHIFT INTERCONT TOWARDS MORE OWNERSHIP

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How we look on own vs lease:



Significant benefits of Buy vs Lease for intercont replacements

Cost (operation&ownership) – SIGNIFICANT SAVINGS

- Savings reflect lower cost over lifetime & fuel efficiency, driving >50bp margin improvement potential
- Expect EUR ~ 0.2bn incremental capex in FY18
- Financed by separate debt vehicle no burden on excess liquidity

Asset intensity - NO CHANGE

· No difference in asset recognition under IFRS 16

Flexibility - OPERATIONAL BENEFITS

- Better flexibilty to match supply capacity to demand changes
- Higher reliability and fuel efficiency of new planes are most relevant on intercon fleet given most intense utilization



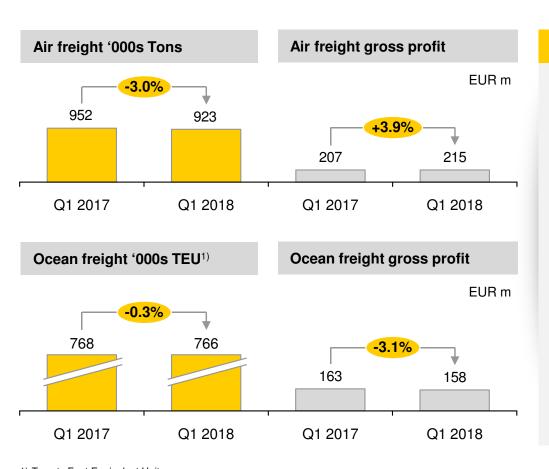
Using balance sheet strength to unlock further structural Express margin potential

STRATEGY 2020

Focus. Connect. Grow.

FORWARDING, FREIGHT

GLOBAL FORWARDING, FREIGHT: VOLUME SELECTIVITY PAYING OFF



Business Highlights

- We maintain disciplined approach to volumes in both AFR and OFR
- Improvements on unit profitability with strong improvement on AFR GP/ton (+7.3% yoy). OFR GP/TEU down -2.8% yoy due to adverse FX effects
- DGF Conversion ratio improved to 9.5% vs 4.7% in Q1 2017
- IT renewal further advancing according to plan
- Freight contribution continues to improve

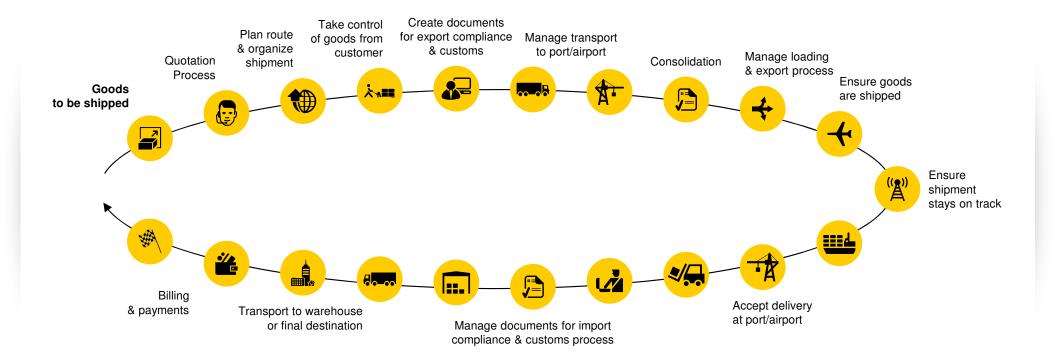
¹⁾ Twenty Foot Equivalent Unit

GLOBAL FORWARDING, FREIGHT- DIVISIONAL RESULTS Q1 2018

EUR m	Q1 2017	Q1 2018	Chg.	Management comments	
Revenue	3,546	3,591	+1.3%	Organic growth of 7.2%, with positive contribution from both Forwarding and Freight as higher freight rates could be passed on to customers	
Gross Profit	868	855	-1.5%	Good GP development from AFR offset by FX-induced decline at OFR and Others. Overall GP up 4.9% at constant FX rates	
EBIT	40	70	+75.0%	Strong recovery in EBIT due to higher AFR GP margin and significant improvement in conversion ratio	
Operating Cash Flow	-64	-30	+53.2%	Headline number benefits from IFRS16 effect, but underlying slightly weaker due to WC development	
Capex	18	20	+11.1%	Usual low asset intensity	

THE LIFECYCLE OF A SHIPMENT IS A COMPLEX PROCESS

Forwarding is more than brokerage of transport, it is managing all the steps along the way

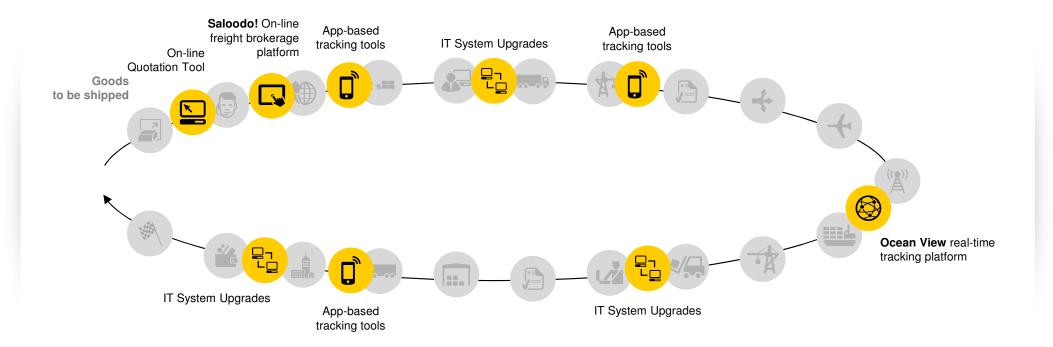




Success in Forwarding is built on experience, customer relationships, processes and in some aspects, such as consolidation, is also a function of scale

INNOVATION AND TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENT ARE KEY TO SUCCESS

Technology will simplify and accelerate many steps in the forwarding process

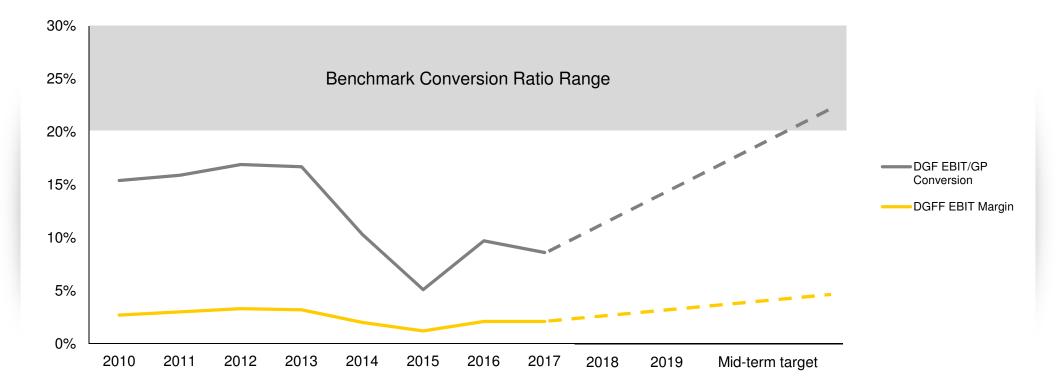




The innovations we are implementing today and accelerating in the future will allow us to exploit our strengths – particularly in terms of customer relationships

SIMPLIFY STRATEGY AIMS TO CLOSE THE GAP TOWARDS BENCHMARK PROFITABILITY

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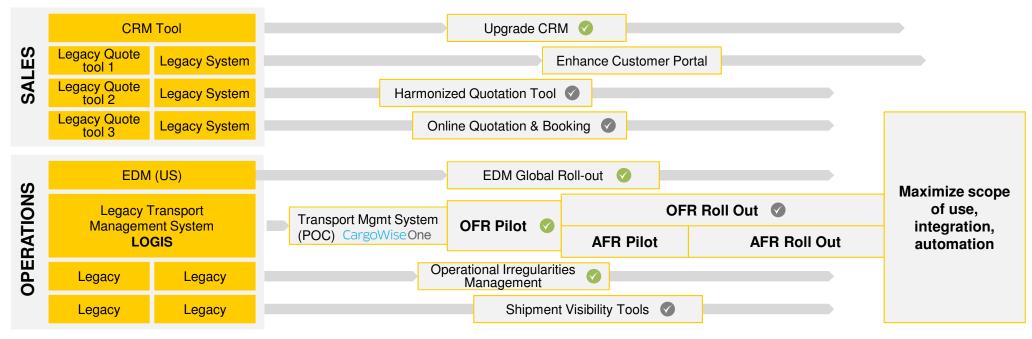




No structural barriers – we have the right combination of people, business model, processes and IT renewal to achieve benchmark conversion ratios over time

IT RENEWAL ROADMAP UPDATE

LEGACY SYSTEMS



Significant progress/completed; now business as usual

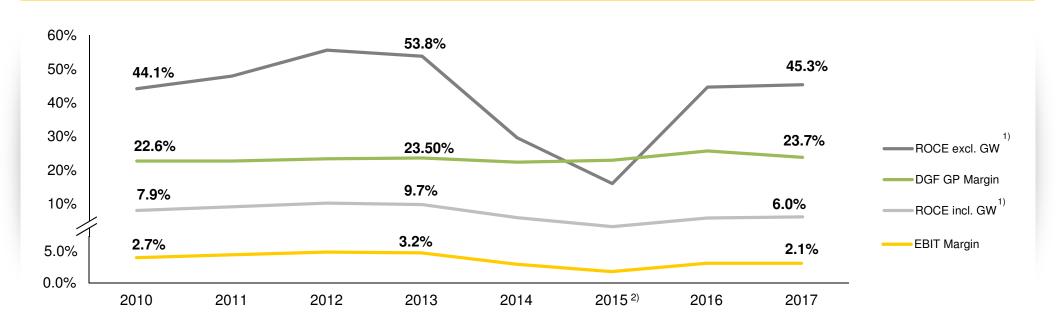
Initiated and demonstrating progress; further rollout ongoing



Significant progress has been made across all initiatives, further rollout on-going

FORWARDING IS AN ASSET-LIGHT AND HIGH RETURN INDUSTRY

DHL Global, Forwarding, Freight: ROCE, GP and EBIT margin, 2010-17



1) Divisional ROCE: EBIT / Rolling 12m net segment assets (Business Operating Assets + Goodwill), 2) Adjusted for 2015 write-off



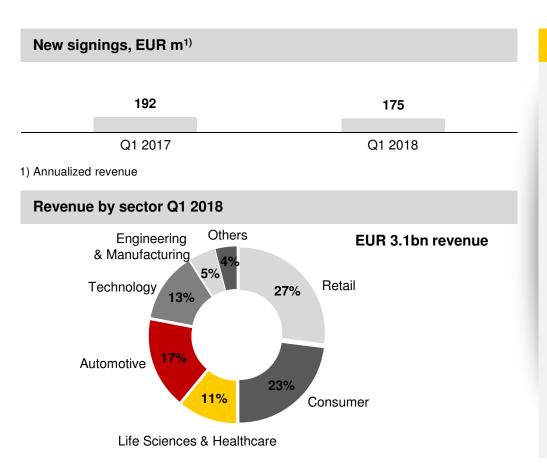
Steady GP margins show that DGFF business quality remains at benchmark levels. Simplify strategy aims to unlock benchmark conversion and EBIT margin levels

STRATEGY 2020

Focus. Connect. Grow.

SUPPLY CHAIN

SUPPLY CHAIN: UNCHANGED SELECTIVE APPROACH



Business Highlights

- Decline in new contract signings reflects WLT divestment, signings slightly up on comparable basis
- In the EMEA and Americas regions, volumes grew primarily in the Automotive and Retail sectors
- In the Asia Pacific region, we achieved growth in almost all sectors
- New business signings were concentrated on Automotive, Consumer and Retail sectors
- Continued, high contract renewal rate

SUPPLY CHAIN – DIVISIONAL RESULTS Q1 2018

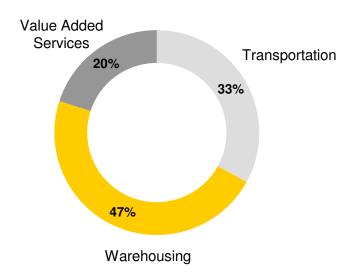
EUR m	Q1 2017	Q1 2018	Chg.	Management comments
Revenue	3,523	3,124	-11.3%	Sale of WLT and FX effects clearly visible, without which organic growth of +3.8% as a result of good business volumes across all regions
EBIT	99	55	-44.4%	Good operating performance and IFRS16 effect more than offset by one-time charge of EUR 50m from customer contracts as well as FX headwinds
Operating Cash Flow	-104	2	>100%	Reported number driven primarily by IFRS16 effect. Operating cash generation lower due to one-time charge
Capex	61	70	+14.8%	Low overall asset intensity, yoy changes impacted by project timing

DHL SUPPLY CHAIN: SOLUTIONS OVERVIEW

Offering Customized Solutions Across the Entire Supply Chain

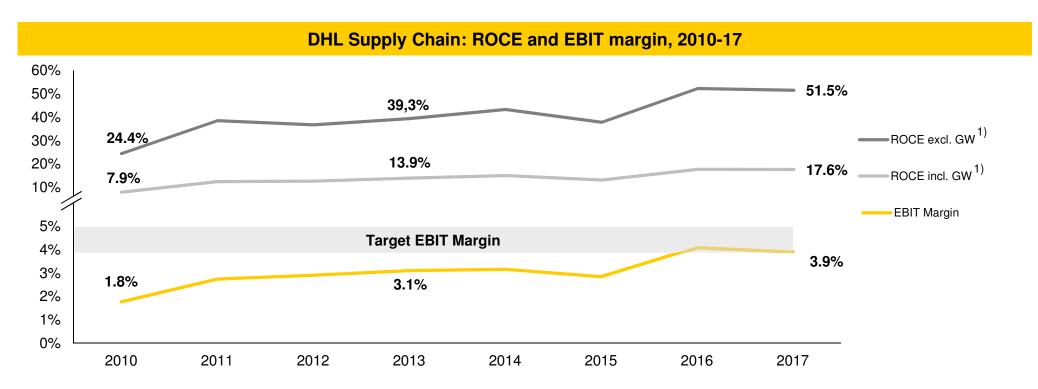


Revenue by Service Area FY 2017



····· End-to-end supply chain —— Supply Chain services

LIMITED ASSET INTESITY DRIVES ATTRACTIVE AND RISING ROCE



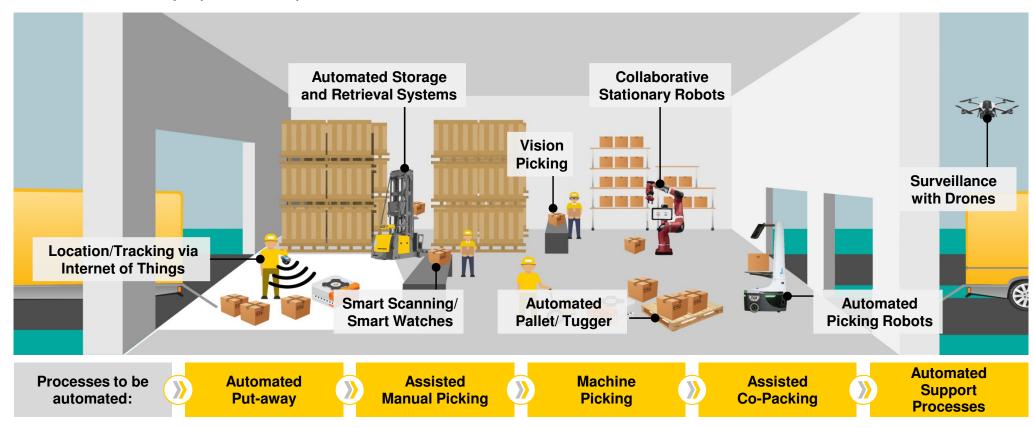
1) Divisional ROCE: EBIT / Rolling 12m net segment assets (Business Operating Assets + Goodwill)



Focus on Strategy 2020 initiatives provides sustained growth in EBIT, EBIT margin and ROCE. EBIT margin moving into the target band accompanied by strong & improving return profile.

AUTOMATION & DIGITALIZATION AT DHL SUPPLY CHAIN

Digitalization in key operational processes



Appendix

GROUP P&L Q1 2018

EUR m	Q1 2017	Q1 2018	Chg.	Management comments
Revenue	14,883	14,749	-0.9%	Organic revenue growth 6.4% as FX and WLT sale affect headline number
EBIT	885	905	+2.3%	Lower PeP result and DSC one-off charge weigh on Group result despite good operating performance in all DHL divisions
t/o PeP	425	383	-9.9%	EBIT decline driven by higher costs, not fully compensated by pension revaluation (EUR 108m)
t/o DHL	534	586	+9.7%	Strong performance in EXP and DGFF more than offsets DSC one-off
Financial result	-93	-135	-45.2%	Significantly lower yoy due to IFRS16 effect – besides that, lower interest expense on provisions
Taxes	-119	-139	-16.8%	Tax rate of 18% in line with full year guidance
Cons. net profit ¹⁾	633	600	-5.2%	Net profit lower due to IFRS16 effect
EPS (in EUR)	0.52	0.49	-5.8%	

¹⁾ Attributable to Deutsche Post AG shareholders

Q1 2018 IFRS 16 P&L IMPLICATIONS OVERVIEW

EUR m	Q1 2017	Q1 2018	Chg.	Delta LY	IFRS 16 effect		EBIT Effe	ot duo
Revenue	14,883	14,749	-0.9%	-134			to IFRS 10	
Material Expense / Staff cost /Net other operating	-13,651	-13,075	+4.2%	+576	+482		PeP	+10
expenses		-,					DHL	+33
EBITDA	1,232	1,674	+35.9%	+442	+482		- EXP	+16
Depreciation & Amortization	-347	-769	<-100%	-422	-438		- DSC	+12
EBIT	885	905	+2.3%	+20	+44		- DGFF	+5
Financial Result	-93	-135	-45.2%	-42	-89		CC/	. 4
Income Tax	-119	-139	-16.8%	-20	+8		Other	+1
Net Profit ¹⁾	633	600	-5.2%	-33	-37			
EPS	0.52	0.49	-5.8%	-0.03	-0.03			

¹⁾ Attributable to Deutsche Post AG shareholders

FREE CASH FLOW Q1 2018

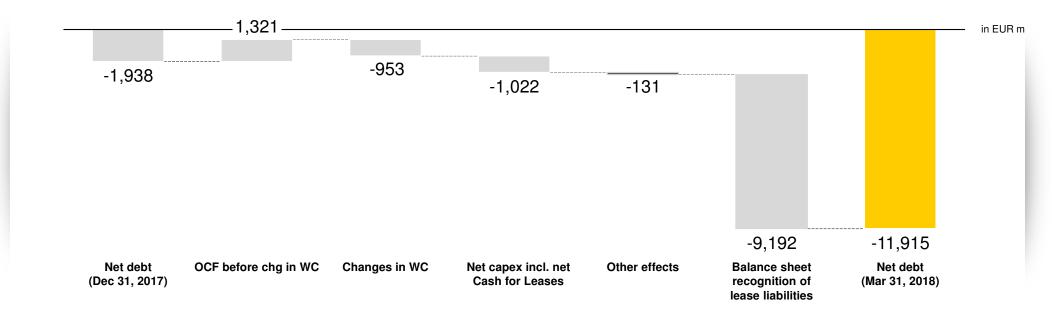
Seasonal factors still in play, mainly annual contribution to civil servant pension (EUR 462m, o.w. 335m in WC)

EUR m	Q1 2017	Q1 2018	Delta LY	IFRS 16 effect		
EBIT	885	905	+20	+44		
Depreciation/ Amortization	347	769	+422	+438		
Cash from operating activities before changes in WC	910	1,321	+411	+482	Q1 cash generation as every year affected by annu civil servant pension scheme contribution	
Changes in Warking Capital 900 050 100 . F		Higher OCF driven by IFRS16 effect offset by				
Net cash from operating activities after changes in WC	90	368	+278	+487	increased cash outflow in working capital as well as specific Q1 developments in PeP and DSC EBIT	
Net Capex	-484	-535	-51	-	As guided in November 2017, new FCF definition	
Net Cash for Leases	0	-487	-487	-487	includes an adjustment for the treatment of leases t ensure yoy comparability	
Net M&A	-27	-19	+8	-	Lower FCF is mainly a reflection of working cap	
Net Interest	-9	-6	+3	-	changes and higher cash out for capex	
Free Cash Flow	-430	-679	-249	-	FFO/Debt at 29.9% (year-end 2017: 32.0%)	

NET DEBT (-)/LIQUIDITY (+)

Significant change in net debt driven by first time recognition of EUR 9.2bn of lease liabilities (IFRS16)

Usual seasonal net debt increase mainly reflects annual contribution to civil servant pension (EUR 462m)



IFRS 16: MAJOR P&L IMPLICATIONS

EUR m	Expected IFRS16 effect on 2018 ¹⁾				
Revenue		•	No changes		
Materials expense	~ -1,950	1	Decrease as lease expenses to be recognized as depreciation and interest costs – only exemptions for short-term leases and low-value assets, which stay in material costs		
EBITDA	~ +1,950		Increase due to lower materials expenses		
D&A	~ +1,800	*	Increase due to new depreciation of capitalized operating-lease-assets		
EBIT	~ +150	*	EBIT increase as operating lease expense replaced by depreciation and interest		
Net finance costs	~ -350	—	Increase due to interest cost component booked in finance cost		
Income taxes	~ -50	**	Lower during first years due to higher deferred tax assets		
Cons. net profit	~ -150		Whilst neutral over time, timing effect due to higher interest during first years		



Main P&L effects: increase in EBITDA and EBIT, long-term neutral to net profit

¹⁾ Based on leases as per 1.1.2018

IFRS 16: EXPECTED IMPLICATIONS FOR DPDHL GROUP

Scope at DPDHL Group: >25,000 leasing contracts, covering >35,000 assets

Expected major impacts on 2018 numbers:

P&L	EBIT: expected increase of EUR ~ 150m	Current internal estimates: to be further validated				
Balance sheet	Net debt: Expected increase of ~ EUR 9bn					
FCF	FCF: no change based on new definition: OCF – redemption of lease liabilities - net capex - net M&A - net interest					
Credit Rating	No impact on rating and related metrics expected					



No effect on actual cash generation and debt rating

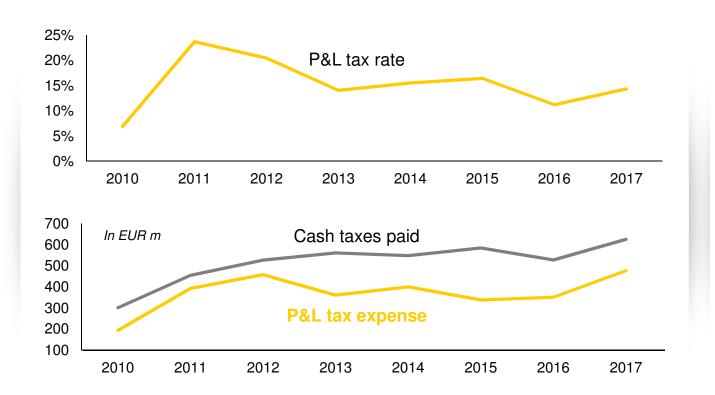
EBIT GROWTH IS AND REMAINS THE MOST IMPORTANT FCF DRIVER

CASH FLOW STATEMENT	EXPECTED TREND	MAIN DRIVERS		
EBIT		Group EBIT guidance, 2018: EUR ~4.15bn; 2020: EUR >5bn		
Depreciation	*	Step change due to 1st time application of IFRS 16 in 2018, thereafter gradual increase reflecting capex spend		
Change in provisions	*	Total provisions still expected to come further down through net utilization Cash-outs expected to trend flat to slightly down yoy		
Working capital		Increasing as business grows but strong focus on working capital management		
Income taxes -		Increase reflecting EBIT growth		
		Further modest yoy increases based on growth opportunities, excluding debt-financed Express intercont fleet renewal		
Redemption of lease liabilities		NEW due to 1 st time application of IFRS 16 in 2018 (offsetting change in depreciation)		
Net M&A	→	Remains opportunistic & bolt-on		
FCF		Expect to generate excess liquidity every year (FCF > dividend payment)		



EBIT increase allows to balance growth investments and rising shareholder returns

P&L TAX RATE AND CASH TAXES PAID EXPECTED TO INCREASE



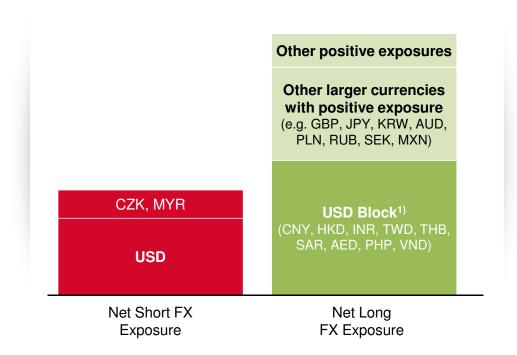
- Main difference between P&L tax expense and cash taxes paid arise from deferred tax assets
- No additional tax loss carryforwards to be capitalized as deferred tax assets in Germany in 2018
- Not yet capitalized tax loss carryforwards amount to EUR 6.4bn, most of it in the US
- Cash taxes paid will increase in line with anticipated growth in profitability



P&L tax rate expected to reach mid-to-high 20% range by 2020

FX MOVEMENTS ARE PART OF BEING THE MOST GLOBAL COMPANY IN THE WORLD

Deutsche Post DHL Group



FX effects are mainly translational

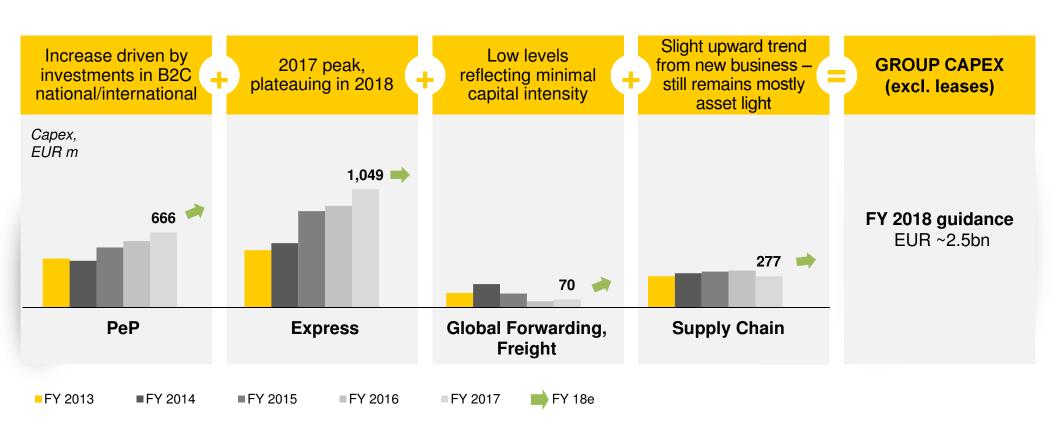
- EUR appreciation => lower revenue and EBIT
- Direct USD exposure actually more than offset by USD-correlated block => USD depreciation = positive stand-alone, but in practice most often offset by FX movements in the USD block
- More than 50% of FX effects in 2017 came from outside of the big currencies

Ultimately, FX volatility is unavoidable and best managed by the business

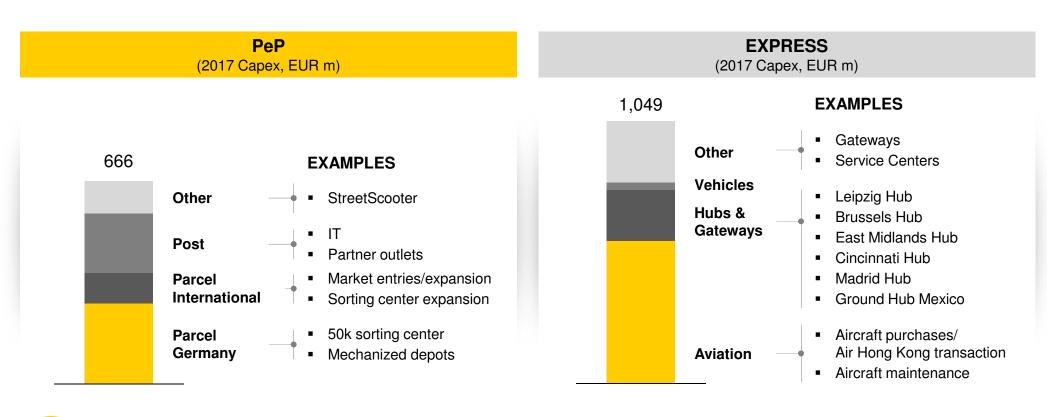
- We do only opportunistic hedging (e.g. Brexit)
- Difficult to model FX externally due to the many cross currency dependencies

¹⁾ Currencies with a correlation to the USD above 75%

CAPEX: RECENT HISTORY AND OUTLOOK



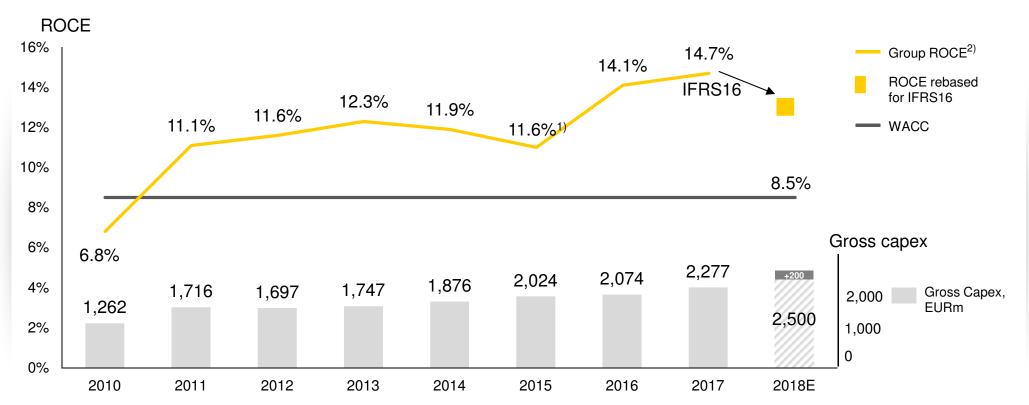
CAPEX BY DIVISION – WHERE DOES IT GO?





Most investments support e-commerce driven growth in Parcel and Express networks

DISCIPLINED GROWTH INVESTMENT HAS LED TO RISING RETURNS

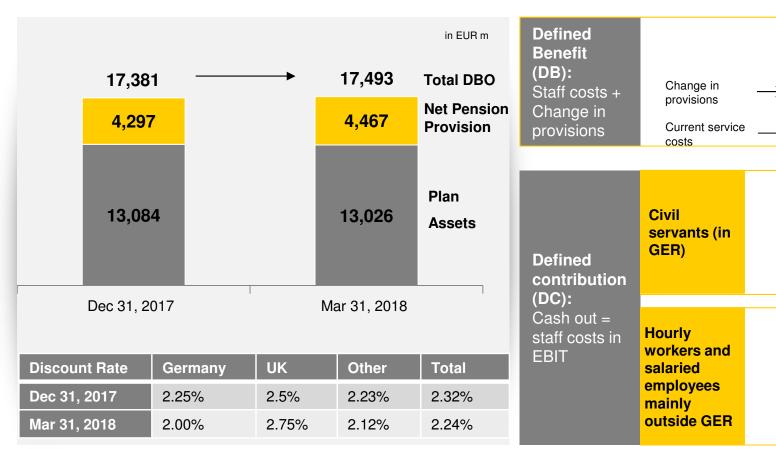


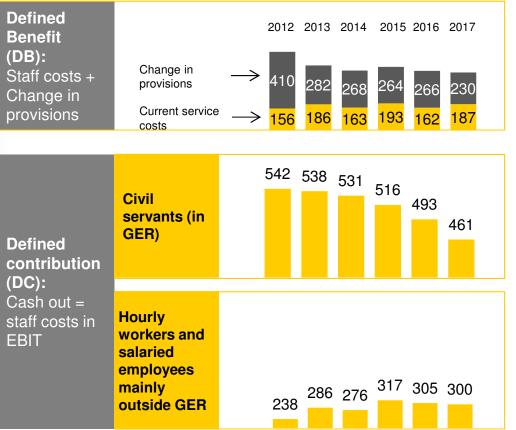
1) 2015 EBIT adjusted for NFE-write off; 2) Group ROCE = Group EBIT / (Total assets - current liabilities)



Although IFRS 16 implementation means that absolute return numbers will change, we remain committed to unchanged capital allocation discipline and sustained growth of all return metrics

DPDHL GROUP PENSIONS - DBO, DCO, CIVIL SERVANTS





DISCLAIMER

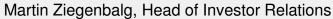
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